Hon. Secretary of State.

Western Carolinian.

VOL. VI.] SALISBURY, N. C.....TUESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1825. [NO. 288.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY
By PHILO WHITE.

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Advertisements will be inserted at fifty cents per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent one.

All letters addressed to the Editor, must be *post-paid*, or they will not be attended to.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

To the Honorable the General Assembly of the State of North-Carolina.

Gentlemen: In making to you the annual Report required of the Public Treasurer by law, I have the honour respectfully to submit the following, to-wit:

The Receipts at the Treasury of North-Carolina for the year commencing with the first day of November, 1824, and ending with the last day of October, 1825, including sundry payments of Arrearages, and the Public Taxes of every other description, which became due and were paid at the Treasury of this State within that period, together with the Dividends declared by our three several Banks, and which were not appropriated; the purchase-money or proceeds of the vacant Lands latterly entered, and paid for in course of the time above-mentioned; and the collection made from the Bonds given by purchasers of the Public Lands near Raleigh, which were sold in 1810, amounting to one hundred and twelve thousand, two hundred and twenty-nine dollars, fifty six cents and five-sixths of a cent ($112,229 56 5 6).

To this sum, the balance remaining in the Treasury on the first day of November, 1824, and thereafter to be accounted for, as reported to the last General Assembly, being added, viz. one hundred and thirty-seven thousand and forty-one dollars, six and a half cents, an aggregate amount of two hundred and forty-nine thousand, two hundred and seventy dollars, sixty-three cents and one-third of a cent, is formed ($242,270 63 1-3).

From this sum total, Disbursements have been made, within the time first above mentioned, including the defaced and worn Treasury Notes burnt by the last Assembly, to amount of one hundred and thirty-five thousand, three hundred and eighty-six dollars and thirty-five cents and seven twelfths of a cent ($135,386 35 7-12), the vouches for which have been handed over to the Comptroller, and passed upon by that officer.

This Expenditure being deducted from the aggregate amount above-mentioned, will be found to leave a balance of one hundred and thirteen thousand, eight hundred and eighty-four dollars and twenty-seven cents and three fourths of a cent, remaining in the Treasury of this State, on the first day of November instant—say on the first day of November, 1825, and hereafter to be accounted for ($113,884 27 3 5).

For the several items forming the reception and expenditure above-mentioned, the Public Treasurer asks leave respectfully to refer to the printed Statement prepared and furnished by the Comptroller, for the use of the Members of the present General Assembly.

The State Bank declared Dividends in the months of December and June last, at the rate of 4 per cent. which, on the shares held on it by North-Carolina, amounted to twenty-one thousand four hundred and twelve dollars, which were passed to the credit of the State by that Bank, and are, of course, included in the amount of the Receipts at the Public Treasury first above-mentioned:—The *December* Dividend, however, was subjected to a reduction of three thousand three hundred and fifty six dollars and twenty-four cents, being the amount of the interest which had accrued and was payable out of it to the Bank according to law, on account of the unpaid for shares of the Stock held therein by North-Carolina, at the time of the declaration of the said dividend and payment to the Bank is included in the general account of expenditure or disbursement for the late fiscal year, and will be found in the files handed over to the Comptroller, as above-mentioned.

The Banks of Newbern and Cape Fear, likewise declared half yearly dividends in the months above mentioned; the Bank of Newbern, at the rate of four per cent. and the Bank of Cape Fear, at the rate of three per cent: the proceeds of which formed a part of the fund set apart for Internal Improvements. The Bank of Cape Fear declared, additionally, on the Stock then lately purchased by the State, as follows, viz: In December, to amount of eighteen dollars, and in June last, to amount of three hundred and three dollars, which went of course into the common Treasury.

The Cape Fear Navigation Company declared likewise a dividend of four per cent. for the year 1824, which, on the Stock held in it by North-Carolina, and on the payments made by her, in part of her last subscription, up to the first of November, 1824, amounted to four hundred and two dollars and twenty-seven cents; which sum likewise formed an item of receipt at the Treasury of the State.

Of the sum of one hundred and thirteen thousand eight hundred and eighty-four dollars and twenty seven cents and three-fourths of a cent, above-mentioned, as being the balance due and payable from the Public Treasurer to the State of North-Carolina, on the first day of the present month, viz: on the first day of November, 1825, forty-five thousand four hundred and forty dollars and thirty six-cents, are deposited and stand at my credit, as Public Treasurer, in the State Bank at Raleigh.

Fifty-six thousand, one hundred and four dollars and sixty-nine cents, are deposited and stand at my credit, in like manner, in the Bank of Newbern, in Raleigh;

And eighteen thousand, three hundred and forty-four dollars, and twenty-three cents, are deposited, in like manner, and stand at my credit as Public Treasurer, in the Bank of Cape-Fear, at Fayetteville.

The remainder consists of worn and redeemed Treasury Notes, counted in files and made ready for burning, amounting to thirteen thousand, nine hundred and eighty-five dollars, and eighty-five cents—of warrants and other claims on the Treasury paid off and taken up since the close of the late fiscal year—and of cash kept in the office for the purpose of meeting the demands or expenditures of the day.

The Public Treasurer has rendered to the President of the Board of Internal Improvements an account of his Receipts and Expenditures from the first of November 1824, to the first of November 1825, comprehending the payments made at the Treasury by the purchasers of parts of the Cherokee Lands together with all other monies received by him and which are subject to the drafts or disposal of that Board; which shows and leaves in his hands an unexpended sum or balance of seventeen thousand, five hundred and sixty-four dollars, and ninety-six cents, yet to be accounted for (17,564 95)—a copy or abstract of which Account or Statement accompanies this and is marked with the letter A.

The Treasurer has the honor likewise to submit to the General Assembly, an Abstract of Receipts and Disbursements, or Statement of Account, shewing the condition of the Agricultural Fund of North-Carolina on the first day of the present month, which will be found to leave a balance of seven thousand, six hundred and ninety-three dollars, and seven cents, in favour of and to the credit of the said Fund (7,693-07)—which Statement is marked with the letter B.

The Public Treasurer has continued to progress in issuing the Treasury Notes ordered by the Assembly of 1823, from time to time and as he could make sale of them; that work however remains still unfinished, owing to the want of a sufficient number of purchasers: in course of the current year, and before the next meeting of the Legislature, it is hoped and believed, the business will be completed and satisfactorily closed.

With respect to the Stock purchased and to be purchased with the proceeds of the Treasury Notes issued and to be issued, the Treasurer has hitherto been enabled to procure nine shares only of State Bank Stock—and sixteen shares only of the Stock of the Bank of Newbern; for each of which purchases he gave par, or one hundred dollars per share:—He has bought of the Stock of the Bank of Cape-Fear, two hundred and thirty-five (235) shares at ninety-five dollars per share; and has agreed to purchase, at the same rate, the Stock of that Bank which is at present held by the Cape-Fear Navigation Company, on the ground principally, of the interest which the State holds or has in that Company:—Others have offered of the like kind of stock, but it appeared to him best to decline purchasing so *largely* in the Stock of one and the same Bank, for the present and until the wishes of the Legislature should be known:—He is persuaded the Bank of Cape Fear is unquestionably solvent, and that its Stock is safe and valuable, and believes withal, that the present reduced market-price of it is to be accounted for, principally, and perhaps solely, from the circumstance of her Dividends having latterly been declared at the rate of 3 per cent. only, whilst those of our other Banks were declared at 4 per cent.

In obedience to the Resolution of the last General Assembly in regard to Wrecks, &c. &c. the Treasurer has invited the attention of the Solicitors for the State, for the ridings bordering on our sea-coast, to that business; and doubts not they will enable him, at some future and early day, to report satisfactorily on the subject.

The Exposes or Statements of the situation of the Banks of Cape-Fear and Newbern, in December and June last, are herewith transmitted:—Those required of the State Bank are not yet prepared, but will be made up to the present time, early in the next week; when they shall likewise be forwarded, without farther delay.

Much and respectfully, Gentlemen, Your obd't. serv't,

JOHN HAYWOOD, *Pub. Treas.*

Raleigh, Nov. 29, 1825.

Mr. Fulton's Resignation.

Wilmington, 4th Nov. 1825.

GOVERNOR BURTON,

Dear Sir: When I left Raleigh, I was induced to believe from General Dudley's letter, that the whole of the Machinery connected with the Dredging Machine had arrived. I am sorry to inform you, no part of it has arrived at this date that any thing can be done with. The only things I found, were the fly wheel and two spur wheels—these happen to be the very last things wanted.

I have had a great desire to effect something important on the Cape-Fear River before I left the State of North-Carolina, but really the disappointments have been so great, I am under the necessity of informing you, I shall not consider myself Civil Engineer of the State of North Carolina, longer than the period of my engagement, namely, the 1st of January 1826.

Since my coming to this place, I have examined the Northeast Cape-Fear agreeably to a resolution of the General Assembly of 1823. On my returning from this examination and finding the machinery had not yet arrived, I went up to the Northwest River, where I found the Overseer very sick, and the hands unwilling to go into the River any longer, from its coldness. I therefore ordered them down to this place, after removing some logs which they had not an opportunity of doing before. I intend to employ all the hands I have, and as much as I can retain, in getting out a few logs in the ship channel. During the time I remain in the service of the State, I shall use the utmost of my endeavors to get the Dredging Machinery in operation, although I quite despair of doing any thing effectual during that time.

I have made every sacrifice of health and comfort to effect the improvements of the Cape-Fear River above and below this place, but finding these unavailing, it is with reluctance, I must give up the idea, from causes quite beyond my control.

Your favor informing me the State of Pennsylvania could not at present employ a principal Engineer, I received duly, and am happy to hear they can do without one.

I remain, with great respect, your most obed't servt.

HAMILTON FULTON.

Massachusetts.—This is the only State in the Union whose constitution appoints *titles* to the officers of government. The Governor is entitled "His Excellency," the Lieutenant-Governor, "His Honor." From 1780, when the constitution was framed, up to the present year, a period of 45 years, there have been 11 different Governors.

The Rev. John Pierpont, of Boston, the author of "Airs of Palestine," has been invited to become President of Louisiana College, but has declined.

The owners of dogs in the State of Vermont are, by a late law, required to pay the amount of a poll tax for them. The great number of sheep killed by the dogs is the reason assigned for the tax.

Louisiana.—Gov. Johnson has been making a tour through the State, and has been every where received with attention. The Constitution makes it the duty of the Executive to visit the different counties at least once in 2 years, to inform himself of the state of the militia, and the general condition of the country.

A sensible OLD BACHELOR.

A rich old fellow being asked why he did not marry, replied, "because I have no inclination for old women, and young women have no inclination for me."

CONSCIENCE.

Conscience distasteful truths may tell,
But mark her sacred dictates well
Whoever with her lives at strife,
Loses his better friend for life.

ESTATE OF
Henry Connor, deceased.

40 or 50 likely NEGROES.

BELONGING to this Estate, will be hired to the highest bidder, for one year, on Tuesday, the 3d day of January next, at the house of Mrs. Nancy Connor, in Lincoln county

A number of valuable FARMS will also be Rented at the same time.

Terms—a credit of twelve months, on notes with approved security.

JOHN F. BREVARD, } *Adm'rs.*
D. M. FORNEY, }

Nov. 23, 1825. 2t88

For Sale.

THE Lands, Mills, Iron Works, &c. lately owned by Col. William Black and Capt. Reuben Emmerson, situate on Ball's Creek and the Catawba River, in Lincoln county, near the Buffalo Shoal, will be sold at Public Sale, in front of Leonard's tavern in Lincolnton, on the 18th day of January next, being the Wednesday of the Lincoln Court.

The tract lately owned by Col. Black contains about 800 acres of land, mostly of a good quality. On this tract is a forge with two fire places, as well built, in as good repair, and as eligibly situated, in all respects, as any Forge in the county.

Together with this tract, will be sold the one third undivided share in

One thousand Acres of Land,

situate near and upon the Little Mountain, containing inexhaustible mines of Iron Ore, of the very first quality.

The tract lately owned by Capt. Emmerson contains about 350 acres, and adjoins the Forge tract. On it are a Grist Mill and Cotton Gin, all situate at an excellent shoal, and in a neighborhood of first rate custom.

A further description of property so generally known, is useless. It is confidently asserted, that no property, which is obtainable, in this part of the country offers such permanent advantages to the man of capital, of industry, and enterprize.

At the same time will be sold THREE NEGROES, lately owned by Col. Wm. Black. One of the negroes is a first rate Blower and Hammer-man, about 26 years of age, likely and of good character.

The terms will be—for the Negroes, *Cash*: and for the Lands, one-fourth prompt payment; and the balance, equal instalments in one and two years, with interest from the date. Bonds, with two good securities, will be required; and Deeds of Trust on the premises may also be required.

Titles to purchasers will be such as I have myself obtained from the Sheriff when the property was purchased by me—and no further responsibility.

Sales expected to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M. Attendance will be given, and further particulars made known at the time, by

JOHN F. BREVARD.

Nov. 23, 1825. 2t88

To Rent.

THE Ford, on the Beckenhouse side, formerly occupied by Mrs. Elizabeth Hart, and latterly by William Little and brothers, is now offered for rent, on reasonable terms. Possession will be given the first of January next.

As a stand for a house of entertainment for travellers, a store, distillery and black-smith shop, the advantages of the one here offered are well known. Persons wishing to engage in any or all those branches of business, could not situate themselves more advantageously.

Terms may be known by applying to

JOHN F. BREVARD.

Lincoln Co. Nov. 23, 1825. 2t88

A good Black-smith, well recommended, may be accommodated with a first rate stand for business in his line, by applying to

JOHN F. BREVARD.

J. F. & John Lippitt,

HAY street, Fayetteville, offer for sale, just received,

75 bbls. muscovado sugar
125 Bags coffee
20 Hhds. 1st quality molasses
1500 Bush'l. Liverpool salt
20 bbls. Loaf and Lump Sugar
20 Bags pepper
20 " Spice
95 " Race ginger
10 quarter casks sweet Malaga Wine
20 bbls. N. E. Rum
10 " Northern Gin
10 " Tanner's Oil
20 Tons Iron, *Swedes*
2000 lb. Blistered Steel
4000 " German Steel
500 " Cast Steel
175 Kegs wro't and cut Nails and Brads
30 Boxes cotton and wool Cards
50 " 8 by 10 and 10 by 12 Glass
100 Bags Shot
75 Kegs FFF and FF Powder
100 Reams wrapping paper
50 " writing paper
3 tons Logwood
3 Hhds. Copperas
200 lb. Bengal Indigo
200 " Spanish Indigo
1500 " Madder
2500 " Alum
1500 " Saltpetre
25 coils Rope
50 " Cotton Bagging

with an assortment of patent medicines, and paints, dry and in oil.

ALSO,

a complete assortment of Wool machine Cards, always on hand. 2mt89

Taken up and Committed

TO the jail of Cabarrus county, on the 26th inst. a negro man, who calls his name *Abram*, and says he belongs to Samuel Tison, of Anson County. Said negro appears to be about 20 years old, black complected, a scar on his right arm, and one on his forehead; about 5 feet 10 inches high. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

WILLIAM O. MAHAN, *Jailor.*

Concord, Nov. 28th, 1825. 3t89

NOTICE.

THE copartnership of *D. PARISH & Co.* was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of July last. The business of said concern will be closed by PARISH, CORNING & Co. to whom all indebted are requested to make payment.

DANIEL PARISH,
JASPER CORNING,
PARISH, HOLBROOK & CO.

October 18. 6t90

Copartnership.

THE Subscribers have formed a Copartnership under the firm of PARISH, CORNING & CO. and will transact business at the old stand of D. Parish & Co. where they have now open

500 packages staple and fancy Dry Goods,

comprising a complete assortment, which will be sold on favorable terms.

DANIEL PARISH,
6t90 JASPER CORNING,
JOSEPH KERNOCHAN,
October 18 THOMAS PARISH.

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE subscribers continue the *FACTORAGE and COMMISSION BUSINESS*, as usual, on Edmondston's wharf, and solicit a continuance of the liberal support they have heretofore had from their country friends. They may rely upon the strictest attention and punctuality to their business. Moderate *cash* advances will be made on all consignments, on receiving Receipts or Bills of Lading for Produce shipped to their address.

All those who are indebted to the subscribers, or to our JOHN ROBINSON, are expected to make payment the ensuing season.

JOHN ROBINSON & CO.

Charleston, Sept. 27, 1825. 3mt93

New Leather, New Fashions!

EBENEZER DICKSON again tenders his unfeigned thanks to those who have patronized him, and begs leave to inform them and all others concerned, that he has just received, from Philadelphia, a

New Supply of Leather,

and new *Lasts* and *Boot Trees*; which will enable him, by his own faithful attention to his shop, and the employment of the best of workmen besides, to make and mend every description of

Boots and Shoes,

of as good materials, in as fashionable a style, and workmanlike manner, as any in the United States. He has received a supply of first rate *Seal-Skins*; from which he will be able to make most superb light Boots and Pumps for gentlemen. He respectfully asks

New Customers to try him,
And Old ones to stick by him.

Call at the sign of the *big* **BOOT**, opposite Mr. Slaughter's house of entertainment, Main street, Salisbury, N. C.

Dec. 3d, 1825. 87

NEW BOOT AND SHOE SHOP.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends, and all others, that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by Mr. Peter Krider, on Main Street, a few doors north of the Court-House, where he has opened a Shop for the manufacturing of *BOOTS AND SHOES*, of all kinds. Having just received a new Stock of the best Philadelphia *Leather*, and all the necessary Trimmings, he feels warranted in assuring the public, that he will be able to do all kinds of work in his line of business, in the most substantial manner, and after the most approved fashions of the day. All orders for work, either from the neighborhood, or from a distance, shall be executed on the shortest notice, and on very liberal terms. The public are invited to give his new shop a fair trial. HENRY SMITH.

Salisbury, Nov. 1st, 1825. 3mt94

N. B.—Reasonable credits will be extended to responsible customers.

Tailoring Business.

THE subscriber has lately received, as usual, and will continue to do so as often as any change takes place, drafts of the latest fashions from Philadelphia, illustrated with mathematical precision, together with painted representations of Gentlemen and Ladies in full dress. With these advantages, and his steady attention in the above line of business, he hopes to please, and continues to solicit the patronage of the public. JACOB RIBELIN.

Lexington, N. C. 25th. Nov. 1825. 3t89.

Great Bargains.

THE subscriber offers for sale his *Houses and Lots* in Statesville, either with or without his Bedding and other Household Furniture, and with or without all his House servants. Several tracts of *Land*, the whole amounting to between 1500 and 2000 acres, adjoining the town lands of Statesville; or any part thereof, to suit purchasers.

The lands in Centre, known by the name of the White House tract, and those adjoining; in the whole about 1200 acres. Also, my interest in several other tracts, all joining the former. A great number of other tracts of land, lying in different parts of the county of Iredell. All the remainder of my negroes, 27 in number. Cash will be required for the whole price of the Negroes; all the other property will be disposed of at one, two, and three years credit. It is deemed useless to describe the property more particularly, as the purchasers will wish to view it before they buy. 67

July 13, 1825. ROBERT WORKE.

Estate of Dr. Charles Harris.

THE subscribers, acting Executors of Doct. Charles Harris, deceased, desire all persons indebted to said deceased, to come forward and make payment as speedily as possible; and all persons having demands against said deceased, are requested to present them within the time prescribed by law.

All persons having books borrowed from said deceased, are requested to return them to the Executors.

LYDIA HARRIS,
SAM. S. HARRIS,
4t90 ROBT. McKENZIE.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Thursday, Nov. 24.—On motion of Mr. Picott, so much of the Governor's message as relates to the cession of certain lands and jurisdiction over the same, to the United States, for the purpose of erecting works of fortification thereon, was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Picott, Iredell, Swain, Borden and Whitehurst.

Nov. 25.—Mr. Carson presented the petition of Charles Lewis, of Rutherford county, stating his grievances resulting from the passage of a public road through his lands, and praying for relief; which petition was referred to the committee of Propositions and Grievances.

On motion of Mr. Martin, a message was sent to the Senate, proposing to raise a select joint committee, to revise the fees of Clerks, Sheriffs, Coroners, Constables and County Solicitors; and to inquire into the expediency of compelling Clerks of Courts to make out their bills of cost and to issue all tickets in dollars and cents; and that the committee report by bill or otherwise. On the part of this House, Messrs. Martin, Scott, Miller and L. H. Simmons were named for the committee.

On motion of Mr. Love, so much of the Governor's message as relates to the Cherokee lands, was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Love, W. W. Jones, Swain, Poor and Lewis.

Mr. Love presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the select committee on Cherokee lands, be instructed to inquire whether any, and if any, what allowance should be made on the score of interest, on the bonds remaining unpaid, of those individuals who have purchased lands reserved to Cherokee Indians, and who have but recently come to the possession of them.

Nov. 26.—A message from the Senate, informing that the Library committee, on the part of that House, consists of Messrs. Forney, Pickett and Gilchrist; and that Messrs. Davidson of Mecklenburg, Hill of Stokes, Hogan, Montgomery and Speight, form the committee on their part, on the resolution of Mr. Martin, relative to the revision of fees of certain officers.

On motion of Mr. Carson, Messrs. Carson, W. A. Blount, Bain, Bateman and Raiford, were appointed a committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Greene presented the petition of Jeremiah Garner and others, of Rutherford, praying for a revision of certain parts of the Militia laws; by Mr. Moore, of Surry, the petition of Hardin P. Franklin and other citizens of Surry county, praying the Legislature to repeal the act of last Session, authorizing Jesse Howard to erect a mill dam across Ararat were referred to the committee of Propositions and Grievances.

A message was received from the Governor, covering a communication from the Executive of Virginia, passed at their last Session, authorising the Stockholders of the Dismal Swamp Canal Company to increase the Capital Stock, and requesting the same to be laid before our Legislature; which was read and referred to the committee on Internal Improvements.

Nov. 28—David F. Caldwell, the member from the town of Salisbury, appeared and was qualified.

Mr. Swain presented a bill to keep open the French Broad River in Buncombe county, which passed its first reading, and subsequently its second and third reading.

Mr. Swain also presented the petition of James Kirkindale and others, on the subject of a Turnpike Road from Big Mud Creek at Samuel Murray's jun. to the South Carolina line—Referred to the Members of this House, representing the old judicial district of Morgan.

Mr. Martin submitted a resolution instructing the committee of Finance to inquire into the expediency of reducing the tax on Land Pedlars, and

Mr. Picot presented a resolution, instructing the same committee to inquire into the expediency of reducing the tax on Pedlars on the navigable streams of this state.

Mr. Wilson presented a bill to repeal an act passed in 1820, directing the County Courts to pay fees to certain officers therein named—which was read the first time and rejected.

A message was received from His Excellency, Gov. Burton, inclosing a Report from the Adjutant General of the state, in relation to the expenditure concerning General Lafayette.

The report and the accompanying documents were referred to the committee of Finance.

Nov. 29.—Mr. Clement presented a bill to declare in force in the county of Rowan, the provisions of an act passed in the year 2824, regulating the time of appointing Overseers of Roads in Montgomery and Person counties, which was read the first time, and subsequently the second and third times.

Mr. Polk from the committee of Propositions and Grievances, reported unfavorably to the petition of Sherwood Fort of Cumberland. Concurred in.

Mr. W. W. Jones presented a bill to amend an Act, entitled an Act to amend an Act to prevent the stealing of slaves, or by violence, seduction or any other means, taking or carrying away any slave or slaves, the property of another and for other purposes therein mentioned, passed in 1792—which bill was read the first time and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Love presented the petition of John Chambers of Haywood, praying for a divorce—referred to the committee of Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Edmonston presented the petition of W. P. Poindexter of Haywood, praying for the establishment of a Turnpike Road—read and referred to the committee on Internal Improvement.

Mr. Iredell presented the petition of sundry citizens of the state on the subject of lands they purchased at the late sales of the lands in the Cherokee purchase, and from which they had been evicted by due course of law. Read and referred to the committee of Finance.

Mr. Dargan, from the committee of Privileges and Elections, made a report adverse to the prayer of Tilman Farrow, who contests the election of Littlejohn Pugh, one of the sitting members from Hyde county.

A message was also sent proposing to ballot to-morrow morning at 12 o'clock for Public Printer, and stating that Bell & Lawrence and Gales & Son are in nomination for that office.

On motion of Mr. Scott, a Select Committee on the subject of the Judiciary was appointed. Messrs. Scott, Iredell, Shepperd, Swain and Caldwell form this committee.

On motion of Mr. Swain, the committee of Finance were instructed to inquire into the expediency of providing by law, that licences to retailers shall be signed by the Comptroller and issued and accounted for by the Sheriffs of the several counties in this state, in the same manner that Pedlar's licences are now signed, issued and accounted for.

The resignation of Clinton Huntley, Col. Commandant of Burke county militia, was read and accepted.

Mr. Conrad presented the petition of Lawson Henderson and others of Lincoln, praying to be authorized by law to appropriate certain monies in their hands for repairing Pleasant Retreat Academy; also the petition of Eliza Bivins, praying for a divorce; and

Mr. Tillet presented the petition of Benj. Jones, praying to be restored to credit—referred to the committee of Propositions and Grievances.

The Speaker laid before the House a Report of the Public Treasurer, (for which see a preceding column,) which with the accompanying documents, was ordered to be printed, and referred to the committee of Finance.

Nov. 30.—Mr. Skinner presented the memorial of the Manumission Society of the State, which was read, and on motion of Mr. Moore postponed indefinitely.

Mr. Picott, from the committee on that part of the Executive Message relative to a cession of lands to the United States, reported two bills on the subject—one to cede to the U. States, a certain part of land called Bouge's Banks, the other to cede to the U. States an island at the mouth of Cape Fear river, which bills passed their first reading.

Mr. Spurgen presented a bill to locate the poor house of Davidson county; and Mr. Andrews, a bill compelling the Register of Rowan county, to keep his office in the Court-house of said county, which bills were read the first time, and subsequently received their second and third readings.

On motion of Mr. Williamson, a select committee on Divorce and Alimony was appointed, and Messrs. Williamson, Caldwell, Gauze, Skinner, Williams of Onslow, Gorham, Matthews of Fayetteville, and Boon, compose it.

On motion of Mr. Moore, the committee on Propositions and Grievances were discharged from the consideration of such petitions as have been referred to them on the subject of Divorce, and that they be referred to the above committee.

Mr. Underwood presented a bill to repeal an act passed in 1819, creating a Fund for Internal Improvement, and establishing a Board for the management thereof—read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Polk, from the committee of Propositions and Grievances, reported a bill to carry into effect the prayer of sundry citizens of Perquimons.

The following resolution was also received:

Resolved, That it be referred to a select joint committee of both Houses of this General Assembly, to inquire whether any, and what contract was made with Joseph Gales and Son, State Printers, at the last session, and that they also inquire for what price the Public Printing can be obtained.

Messrs. Speight of Greene, who submitted the resolution, Seawell, Forney, Love, and Jones of Wilkes, form the committee in the Senate, and in this House, Messrs. Scott, Bain, Blount, Cowan and Martin were appointed.

Mr. Underwood presented the memorial of the Grand Jury of Chatham county on the subject of a Penitentiary—which was read and referred to a joint select committee, and on the part of this House, to Messrs. Underwood, Spruill, Miller and Marshall.

On motion of Mr. Picott, the Judiciary Committee were instructed to enquire into the expediency of so amending the law relative to Guardians as to remove any doubts respecting the extent of their liability, after surrender of their trust to the court from whence they received it, and that they report by bill or otherwise.

The resignation of James Holland, Lieut. Colonel of Lincoln County Militia, was read and accepted.

Received from the Comptroller, a statement, in pursuance to a resolution of the last session, exhibiting the amount of monies, so far as returns were made to him, and expended in support of the poor in the respective counties of the State. The exhibit was ordered to be printed.

—

IN SENATE.

Friday, Nov. 25.—Mr. Pickett presented a bill, to amend an act for the better care of Orphans, and security and management of their estates, which was read the first time and referred to the Judiciary Committee. A motion to print it, was made by Mr. Vanhook, but negatived.

The following gentlemen were appointed by the Speaker, on the several select committees, ordered on the Message of the Governor:

On the Judiciary—Messrs. Pickett, Gilchrist, Davidson of Mecklenburg, Alexander and Hogan.

On Internal Improvement.—Messrs. Forney, Bethune, Love, Legrand and Wilson of Edgecombe.

On Education and Primary Schools.—Messrs. Hill of Franklin, Sneed, Davidson of Iredell, Jones of Wilkes and Hawkins.

On the Cession of Territory to the United States.—Messrs. Whitefield, Davis, Baker, Joiner and Gibbs.

On the amendment to the Constitution of the United States proposed by Ohio and New-Jersey.—Messrs. Gilchrist, Pickett, Speight, Davidson of Mecklenburg and Vanhook.

On motion of Mr. Parker, a committee was appointed on Divorce and Alimony, and Messrs. Parker, Matthews, Pool, Poindexter and Sanders were named as the committee.

Nov. 26.—Mr. Davidson, of Iredell, presented the petition of Silas Sharpe, praying the emancipation of a certain slave therein mentioned. Referred to the last mentioned committee.

Mr. Jones, of Wilkes, presented the petition of Elizabeth Witherspoon, praying that certain property which she may hereafter acquire, be secured to her. Referred to the committee of Divorce and Alimony.

Nov. 28*th.*—Mr. Speight presented the following Resolution:

Whereas, it appears that many deficiencies exist in our present Judiciary System, and to such an extent as almost to amount to a denial of justice, and more particularly in the Chancery Department: And whereas, it is the opinion of this General Assembly, that upon a well regulated Judiciary System, (faithfully and impartially dispensing justice to individuals) depends the lives, rights and liberties of our fellow citizens.

Resolved, therefore, that the committee on the Judiciary be instructed to enquire into the propriety of so amending our Judiciary System as to hold Courts of Chancery separate and distinct from Courts of Law—one in each Judicial Circuit, and to be holden by the present Supreme Court Judges; and that they report by bill or otherwise.

Nov. 29.—Mr. Boddie presented a resolution, instructing the Judiciary Committee to enquire into the expediency of amending the several acts of this State to prevent excessive gaming so far as relates to playing cards in public houses; and that they report by bill or otherwise—which was agreed to.

Mr. Montgomery presented a bill vesting the right of electing Sheriffs in the free people of this State, which passed its first reading, and was made the order of the day, in committee of the whole, for Tuesday next, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Pickett, from the Judiciary committee, reported a bill to advance the Administration of Justice in Courts of Equity, and to establish a Court for that purpose, which passed its first reading, and was made the order of the day for Friday next, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Wilson, of Edgecombe, presented the following Resolution:

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, that the Constitution of the United States ought to be amended, so that Electors to vote for President and Vice President of the United States shall be elected uniformly, in each state by Districts; and that the said Electors, when elected for that purpose, shall assemble at the Capitol in the City of Washington, on the last Monday in February, preceding the expiration of the term for which the President elect shall be elected; and when so assembled, shall proceed, (after organizing their body, by appointing a President and Secretary members of their own body) to elect a President and Vice President of the United States in the following manner: Each elector shall give in his ballot for some one person, a native born citizen of the United States, expressing on the same, the name of the person and the State of which he is a resident, for President of the United States—and the person receiving a majority of the whole number of Electors, shall be declared duly elected President of the United States. But after counting the ballots, if it shall be found, that no person in nomination shall have received a majority of the whole number of Electors, they shall proceed to a second ballot, voting in the second place only for the *three* highest on the list of those voted for on the first ballot, and if on the second ballot, neither of the three voted for shall have received a majority of the whole number of electors, then they shall proceed to ballot the third time, voting only, on the third ballot, for the two highest on the list, at the second ballot. And the person who shall receive the greatest number of votes on the third balloting, shall be declared to be duly elected President of the United States, for four years from and after the fourth day of March next, ensuing. And the Vice President of the United States shall be elected in like manner as the President.

Resolved, that our Senators in Congress be instructed, and our Representatives requested, to use their exertions in obtaining the foregoing amendments to the Constitution of the U. States, and that the Governor be requested to transmit a copy of the said Resolution to each of the Senators and Representatives in Congress from this State, and also to the Governors of each of the States in the Union.

The foregoing being read, was referred to the committee on the proposed amendments to the Constitution of the U. States, as respects President and Vice-President.

Nov. 30.—Mr. Jones of Wilkes, presented a bill to amend the several acts of Assembly passed to extend and improve the State Road leading from Wilkesboro' to the foot of the Laurel Hill, by the way of Holman's ford, in Wilkes county, &c. also a bill to repeal in part, an act passed in 1811, for the better regulation of Roads in the counties of Buncombe, Haywood, Burke, Wilkes and Ashe.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

The New-York papers of Saturday announce the arrival of the packet ship Columbia, in 34 days from Liverpool, bringing Liverpool papers to the 23d ult. inclusive. The Queen Mab has also arrived from Havre, which place she left on the 16th ult. Although the news brought by these vessels is by no means important, considered in the aggregate, there are various items of interesting information.

The resignation of Lord Chief Justice Abbot is mentioned as a probable event, in consequence of ill-health. The Attorney General is spoken of as his successor.

Sir Walter Scott is seriously engaged in writing the life of Napoleon Bonaparte. His son-in-law, Mr. Lockhart, is engaged in writing a life of Burns. His son has recently been made an aid-de-

The British Press says that accounts have been received from India, confirming the hopes of a speedy termination of hostilities, and stating that the Burmese have agreed to pay all the expenses to which the Company have been put on account of the war.

Advices from Corfu, of the 17th September, and the Greek Chronicle of the 4th published at Missolonghi, stated that the Greeks have made a sally on the Turks who lost 700 men. One of their batteries was also destroyed. Ibrahim Pacha had lost in late engagements 800 Arabs, and is said to have abandoned his troops at Tripolizza, and taken refuge at Neopastro. Missolonghi had been again supplied with provisions. The Greeks in Candia were gaining fresh victories, and presented a considerable obstacle in the way of the new Egyptian expedition.

The Paris Moniteur, of the 16th October, contains an official report of the state of the revenue of France, for the first nine months of the year. The produce for the first three quarters of 1824, amounted to 799,763,000 francs (or 30,670,920*l.*) and that for the same period in 1825, to 779,101,000 francs. There has thus been an increase of more than half a million sterling in the course of nine months.

OCTOBER 22.

Propositions have been made to the King of Spain by the Ambassador of England and France, for the recognition of South American Independence; but Ferdinand was inexorable.

The King of Bavaria died on the 13th ult. in the 70th year of his age.

Died, at Paris, the Prince de Carignan, aged 36. He died in his carriage.

Died, at Vendermont, in Lorraine, a surgeon, called Pulo-Timan, aged 140 years. He, the evening before, with much dexterity and firmness of hand, performed the operation for cancer, on an old woman.

A letter from Mexico, August 13, states that the great Banker, Bering, has purchased 300,000 square leagues of land with mines, and 200,000 head of sheep upon it, for 950,000 dollars. One of the London papers says there must be a mistake in this, as 300,000 square leagues would make it equal to 1800 miles long, by 1500 miles broad, or 2,700,000 square miles—a trifle larger, we guess, than all Europe. The estate does not seem to be overstocked, as according to the letter, there are four sheep, for six square leagues, or one leg of mutton for 6½ square miles.

Italy.—As late as the 24th of September, His Holiness the Pope continued very ill. It was at that time affirmed at Rome, that the Cabinet of France has offered to the Roman Court its mediation with respect to the concordat which it desires to conclude with the new States of America.

The attention of the Spanish cabinet was much occupied with the subject of their colonies in America; and it appears pretty certain that the French and Spanish Ambassadors have called upon Spain to recognise on certain conditions, the new states of South America. It is also said that the mediation of England was offered. The Spanish Minister replied that the King was opposed to all absolute recognition of his former colonies.

Russia.—An imperial Ukase has been issued, compelling the clergy to conform in their dress to the ancient usages of the church.

London, Oct. 17.—We are sorry to announce the failure of Captain Parry's third attempt to effect the north-west passage, which was suddenly frustrated by an unexpected accident, while every thing bore a favorable appearance. The two ships reached Prince Rupert's inlet in September last year. Port Bowen, in which they spent a dreary winter of nearly ten months, is in lat. 73, and lon. 89. They left that place on the 19th of July, when the ice broke up, and twelve days after this, while working southwards, exploring the Inlet, the shipwreck of the Fury compelled them to forego the further prosecution of their discoveries.

We regret to perceive by the Paris papers, that an affray took place between the military and the inhabitants of Rouen, who had assembled to see and welcome General La Fayette, which terminated in the destruction of some of the citizens.

GUILFORD CATTLE SHOW.

A friend has communicated to us the following brief sketch of the meeting of the Agricultural Society at Greensborough.

"The Guilford Agricultural Society held their annual meeting at Greensborough, agreeably to notice, on the 11th inst. when there was a very great display of domestic articles. The blankets would have done credit to an older institution. We were sorry to see no greater competition in live stock. There was one fat ox exhibited, that would not have disgraced a northern cattle show. One of the members, Mr. Elihu Coffin, raised 80 bushels and 4 quarts of good corn on one acre of land; and Mr. Abel Gardner, 77 bushels of good corn on one acre of reclaimed land. I will send you their method of planting and cultivation as soon as it is received. There was no competition for the premium for cotton: the prize was given to Peter Ijams, who raised 1000 lbs. on an acre. There was several very fine colts showed, to several of which there were awarded discretionary premiums."

Hillsboro Recorder.

Tennessee.—According to the report of the Committee of Finance of the Tennessee Legislature, it appears that on settling the public account with T. Crutcher, Treasurer of West Tennessee, there appears to be a balance in the hands of the Treasurer of $67,962 79 3-4.

The New-York American says, "we have the fact from an *unquestionable source*, that the famous *leak* in the upper works of the Brandywine, was so trifling, that if the wind was fair, she would not wait a moment at Cowes to caulk her seams—no ammunition was *thrown* over.

Mr. BROWERE and Mr. JEFFERSON.

From an article in the Richmond Enquirer, it appears that Mr. Browere, who lately took a bust of the venerable Jefferson, came very near suffocating him.—The artist attempted to take the whole of the head at once, instead of pursuing the usual course; and the plaster was permitted to get so hard,—so the paper says,—that it had to be *broken with a hammer and chisel, and separated from parts of the neck with a knife!* At one time it was thought that the old gentleman *would lose his ears* so firmly did the plaster adhere to them. And is this the way to hand down to future generations the busts of our great philosophers and statesmen? Mr. Browere, Mr. Browere, what liberties you are taking with the *ex heads* of the nation.

From the Elizabeth-City (North-Carolina) Star.

The schr. Harvest, Capt. Sevey, on her passage from Baltimore to Charleston, was cast away on Wednesday on Bodys' Island. There were several passengers on board, among whom were Lieut. Grimke of the navy, his wife, child and nurse. By a gentleman who arrived here from the wreck, we regret to learn that Lieut. G. while giving some orders on board the vessel at the time she struck, fell, and expired instantly. The child, the cook and a boy were lost in attempting to come ashore in a boat which capsized. Mrs. Grimke got safe on shore, and has taken passage for this place, where she is hourly expected.

A letter from Havanna, dated Oct. 20, states that upwards of 12,000 barrels of flour had been imported within a fortnight. The price had consequently declined, being $16 to $15 50 per bbl.

Salisbury:

DECEMBER 13, 1825.

The proceedings of the Agricultural Society of Iredell county, shall find a place in our next.

"Cato," shall also appear in our next.

We learn from the Richmond Whig, that on the arrival of Gen. Gaines at Richmond, on the 25th ult. the Governor availed himself of the occasion to present a *Sword* to the General, which had been voted him by the Legislature of Virginia, for his gallantry in repulsing the enemy in an assault on Fort Erie, during the summer of 1814. The ceremony of presentation took place in the council chamber, before a considerable number of Spectators.

ROGUES DETECTED.

From a communication in the Catawba Journal of the 29th ult. it appears an attempt was made, on the night of the 6th to rob the store of Mr. Jacob Ramsour, of Lincolnton. The facts attending the attempted robbery, are briefly these: It was known that Mr. Ramsour purposed starting for Charleston on Monday, the 7th, and that his money (about $6,000) had been kept in a certain drawer in the store: It was observed that a man by the name of *Joseph Wear*, (a citizen of Lincoln county) and a young man who lived with him, named *Henry Langford*, were in the store on Thursday, the 3d, buying some trifling articles, and taking particular notice of what position the money was in, how the door was barred, &c. These persons concerted a plan of robbing the store on Sunday night, previous to Mr. Ramsour's starting for Charleston: Langford was accordingly sent to accomplish the business: he effected his purpose so far as to get into the store, by boring holes through the door with an auger, and removing the bar that fastened it. But contrary to expectation, Mr. Ramsour returned home at about 3 o'clock in the morning, and at the critical moment when Langford was in the store; Mr. Ramsour, with the assistance of his negroes, and some neighbors whom he had aroused from their slumbers, managed to secure Langford. The Sheriff, immediately after daylight, accompanied by a number of citizens, rode to Wear's (22 miles) and arrested him just as he was attempting to make his escape. He and Langford are both in jail; and at the next term of the Superior court, will doubtless have a proper measure of justice meted them.

A most atrocious murder was committed, at the town of Frankfort (Kentucky) lately, on the body of Col. Solomon P. Sharp. He was called up from his bed, where his wife and child lay, late at night; and as he opened the door and inquired who it was, the assassin stabbed him to the heart, and fled. Col. Sharp was one of the most respectable citizens of the place, and highly esteemed by all. The Governor of the state has offered a reward of $3000, and the corporation of Frankfort $1000, for the apprehension of the cold-blooded monster who could commit so foul a deed, on an innocent man.

PROCEEDINGS of the LEGISLATURE.

In our last, we gave selections from the proceedings of the Legislature, to the 26th ult. but as our extracts of the dates of the 24th 25th and 26th, were not as ample as it is our purpose to make, the reader will find, in another column, some further items under those dates, and the proceedings up to the 30th ult. Our plan is, to extract all the proceedings of a general nature, and such as may be of local interest in this section of the state.

We take this occasion to acknowledge our obligations to the Editors of the Raleigh Register and Raleigh Star, for a report of the proceedings of the General Assembly. Papers at the seats of the Federal and state governments, possess facilities for gaining and disseminating news, of which presses in the interior and distant parts of the states, are deprived: and it is to the papers possessing such facilities, that those which are less favored are indebted for most of their Legislative news, and a good portion of their other matter. The convenience of the semi-weekly mail between this town and Raleigh, which has been established for two years, is particularly felt and appreciated during the sitting of Congress and the General Assembly of our state; and since this mail has been in operation, the semi-weekly publication of the Raleigh Register, has added greatly to the gratification of our citizens and the benefit of this establishment, by furnishing details of the proceedings of the Legislature semi-weekly, instead of only weekly, as theretofore.

GEORGIA.

The Legislature of Georgia was engaged, at the latest dates, almost exclusively in the consideration of subjects of a private or local nature. Resolutions approving, in the most unqualified terms, the conduct of the United States Commissioners who concluded the Treaty, (the Hon. Duncan G. Campbell and James Meriwhether,) were agreed to in one House, and concurred in unanimously by the other. We are glad to find that there is unanimity on any point in a body which, from all appearances, we had supposed divided into two parties, which entertained no respect for, and would hold no communion with, each other.

A letter from the Secretary of War to Gen. Gaines, dated Sept. 19. 1825, is published in the Milledgeville papers. This letter relates to the demand made by Gov. Troup, on the President of the U. S. to arrest the General for the indignity he had shown towards the Gov. in his correspondence with him. The Secretary, in the course of his letter, observes:

"There is no part of his duty which the President more anxiously pursues than that of maintaining the most scrupulous decorum in his official intercourse with the State authorities, a line of conduct from which no circumstances, however aggravated, has or will tempt him to depart. He has therefore, seen with regret, that in the letters published, which, though not transmitted to the Department, he presumes are authentic, purporting to be from you to Gov. Troup, you have permitted yourself to indulge a tone, whose effect will be to destroy that harmony which the President is so much disposed to cherish, and the publication of what is calculated to influence those differences which moderation and forbearance could not fail to alloy. I am directed to add, as an act of justice to you, that the President sees in the serious charges made against you by Gov. Troup, and the publicity given to them, and which the letters complained of were intended to repel, circumstances which go far, in his opinion, to palliate your conduct; and without which palliation, the President would have found it his duty to have yielded to the demand of Gov. Troup,"

The New-Jersey Legislature has passed a bill repealing the Charter of the New-Jersey Lombard Bank, which lately stopped payment, and appointing Trustees to settle the affairs of the Bank. The Cashier has delivered up the books, papers, and property of the concern, to these gentleman.

Richard D. Spaight, late a representative in Congress, has been elected, without opposition, a senator in the General Assembly from Craven county, in place of Jno. H. Bryan, resigned.

Mr. FULTON'S RESIGNATION.

On our first page will be found the letter of resignation of Hamilton Fulton, Esq. It is rather a singular document; and must lead to a developement of facts connected with the system of internal improvements in our state, which, we suspect, will surprize some, and greatly discomfit others.

Com. Thomas McDonnough died, of a consumption, on the 10th ult. at sea, off the Capes of Delaware, on board the brig Cherub, on his passage from the Mediterranean. It is said "he literally wasted to the bone—not weighing, when he died, more than [illegible]"

THE NORTH-CAROLINA TELEGRAPH.

From a press of matter, we are again compelled to omit the advertisement of the editor of the above-named contemplated Religious Newspaper. The object of the advertisement is, to give notice to the public that the first number will probably be issued about the first of January; and that all subscriptions, and communications intended for the Telegraph, will be duly attended to, if addressed to the Editor at Fayetteville.

MAP OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

We beg leave to call the attention of the public, to a contemplated *Map of the State of North-Carolina*, to be published by John MacRae, Esq. of Fayetteville, and to be prepared and planned by B. H. B. Boutier, of Raleigh. From the arrangements already made, and contemplated, this must be the most correct and useful Map of North Carolina, ever published: it is proposed to be of the size of 6 feet 9 inches in length, by 3 feet 6 inches in width: the price, when varnished, colored, and mounted on rollers, or put up in portable form, to be 8 dollars.

A subscription paper is left at this office; where persons disposed to get the map, can subscribe.

Mr. Monroe is seriously spoken of as the next Governor of Virginia, and his willingness to accept the office is inferred from his having recently qualified as a Justice of the Peace, in the County of Loudoun. Burwell Basset, John Tyler, Peter V. Daniel and Joseph C. Cabell, esqrs. are likewise mentioned as fit persons to succeed the present incumbent.

Richmond Whig.

FAYETTEVILLE PRICES, Dec. 3.

Cotton, 12½ a 13; flour, fine, scarce, $; superfine 5 50; wheat, $1 a $1 25; whiskey, 40 a 42½; peach brandy 50 a 60; apple do. 50; corn, 65 to 70; bacon, 7½; salt, Turks Island, 70 a 80 per bush.; molasses, 4 a ½; sugar, muscovado, 12½ a 14; coffee, prime green, 21 a 22; 2d and 3d quality, 16 a 19; tea, hyson, $1 20 a 1 20; flaxseed, 85 a 90; tallow, 7 a 7½; beeswax, 30 a 32; rice 3 to 4 per 100 lbs.; iron, 5½ a 5¾. pr. 100 lb.; tobacco leaf, 4 a 5; manufactured, 5 a 20 pr. cwt. *Observer.*

CHARLESTON PRICES, Nov. 28.

Cotton, S. Island, 45 a 50; stained do. 20 a 20; Maine and Santee, 24 a 30 cts.; short staple, 13 a 14 cents; Whiskey, 27 a 28 cents; Bacon, 6 a 6½; Hams, 9 a 11; Lard, 9 a 11; Bagging, Dundee and Inverness, (42 inch,) 20 a 22; Coffee, Prime Green, 19 a 20; Inf. to good, 15 a 18.

Married,

In this county, on the 17th ult. by Jesse W. Walton, Esq. Mr. Matthias Lewis to Miss Milly Crotzer.

In Mecklenburg county, on the 29th ult. by the Rev. William Blackman, Mr. Jeremiah Blackman, of Lancaster District. S. C. to Miss Elenor M'Cain, daughter of Hugh M'Cain, Esq. of Mecklenburg county N. C.

Died,

In this county, on Tuesday, the 6th inst. after a severe illness of seven weeks, Mrs. Ann Parker, wife of Capt. Henry S. Parker. This amiable lady was truly beloved by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance. She died perfectly resigned, and in the happy belief that she had made her peace with God. She has left a kind, affectionate husband, and an infant child, to mourn their irreparable loss.

[COMMUNICATED.

In Wilkes county, on the 2d inst. in the 22d year of his age, Capt. W. R. Jones, eldest son of Gen. E. Jones, the present senator in the Legislature from Wilkes county. By this dispensation of Providence, society has been deprived of one of its most promising members. He was an amiable and interesting young man—a dutiful son, an affectionate brother, and an agreeable social companion. His exemplary virtues, and complaisant manners, had endeared him to all his acquaintance—by whom his death will be sincerely deplored. [COMMUNICATED.

CHARLESTON, NOV. 28.

Cottons. The same causes still continuing to operate against the arrival at market of *Upland Cottons*, in any considerable quantities, that which came to hand met purchasers pretty readily until the middle of the week, at previous rates; since which, the demand is lessened, and within the last two or three days, holders appeared willing to realize at a fraction below our last quotations, selections of the new crop being offered at 14 cents—we have accordingly reduced our quotations to 13 a 14; although some holders are still storing the article for 14½ and 15 cents.—In *Sea-Islands* and *Santees*, there is as yet nothing doing.

By Saturday's Mail.

Our limits, this week, are so circumscribed, that we are obliged to epitomize whatever we give, whether of political or foreign intelligence; and are reluctantly obliged to omit a number of advertisements, all which shall find a place in our next.

John Haywood, Esq. the present venerable and irreproachable Treasurer of this state, was, on Monday, the 5th inst. re-elected to that office by the Legislature, without opposition.

Joseph Hawkins, Esq. was likewise re-elected Comptroller of the state. The vote on his election stood thus: Hawkins, 146; William H. Hill, 22; J. G. A. Williamson 9.

On Saturday, the 3d inst. Messrs. Bell & Lawrence, editors of the Raleigh Star, were elected State Printers, over Messrs. J. Gales & Son.

A committee consisting of Messrs. Scott, Ashe, Wm. W. Jones, Allen, and Wilson, were appointed (to be joined by such committee as might be appointed by the senate,) to inquire into the propriety of establishing a Medical Board in the state.

On Saturday, 3d inst. a bill was introduced in the house of commons, by Mr. Caldwell, to enable the trustees of the Salisbury Academy to raise, by Lottery, ten thousand dollars. Also, a bill, by Mr. Durret, to alter the dividing line between Surry and Stokes counties. Also, by Mr. Smith, of Davidson, a bill to establish Lexington Academy—all which bills were read the first time.

In the senate, on the 3d inst. the bill to keep open French Broad river, in Buncombe county, was ordered to be engrossed, which is tantamount to its being passed.

The House of Delegates of Kentucky have repealed the law reorganizing the Court of Appeals (the New Court) by a vote of 53 to 34—the Senate yet to act on the subject. The crisis (for there is one in Kentucky) is at hand.

Newton Cannon, formerly a member of Congress, from Tennessee, and *William Blount*, have addressed letters to the Editor of the Nashville Whig, announcing themselves as candidates for the office of Governor of that State, in the next election, which takes place in the summer of 1827.

A late London paper contains a postscript of a letter from the north of Europe, which states that the Russian army have crossed the river Pruth, and commenced hostilities against the Turks.

The mail is now carried weekly in Stages, from Salem, in this state, by Wilksboro, Ashe court-house, &c. to Knoxville, Tennessee.

Negroes to Hire.

WILL be hired, on Monday, the 2d day of January, proximo, at the subscriber's house in the town of Salisbury, from 40 to 50 likely *NEGROES*: terms as usual.

STEPHEN L. FERRAND.

Salisbury, Dec. 12, 1825. 3t90.

At Public Sale,
A FIRST RATE FARM.

THE subscriber will sell, at Public Sale, on the 31st of December instant, at the store of J. H. Houston, Iredell county, N. C. that

Tract of Land,

(commonly called the Leeper tract,) lying in York District, South-Carolina, on the Catawba river, and containing about

One thousand and Sixty-six Acres.

The quality and local situation of this land warrant the subscriber in recommending it to the cotton planter; and he requests all those who wish to vest funds in that kind of property, to examine it. A further description is deemed unnecessary. Terms will be known on the day of sale, or on application to the subscriber, living near centre meeting-house, Iredell county.

A. J. WORKE.

December 1, 1825. 4t93

House to Rent.

THE *House and Lot* in the town of Salisbury, lately occupied by Mr. George Locke, and formerly by Alexander Frohock, dec'd. is now to rent. Apply, in Salisbury, to

ALFRED MACAY.

Nov. 14, 1825. 3t

NEW FASHIONS.
Revell & Templeton, *Tailors,*

AGAIN offer their services to their friends and public at large; and do hope, by practical attenton to business, still to merit equal share of encouragement.

We have just received, by drafts, figures, &c. the latest Philadelphia fashions; which we are inclined to believe will be quite pleasing to the major part of the dressy community. In addition to which, we have had a favourable opportunity of examining several suites of clothes completed in the most celebrated shops in New-York. We feel no hesitancy in asserting, that our work possesses an equal share of taste and durability with any we have seen.

Country produce will be received in payment of work done in this shop, at the prevailing price, in case we should not be supplied at the time.

Revell and Templeton, tender their grateful thanks to all those who have extended their patronage to them, and hope their favours may be continued.

As our plan is to close our books at the end of every year, and the expiration of the first year being close at hand, we politely invite all those who have had work done in this year, to come forward, if convenient and close their accounts against the 10th January next.

Salisbury, Dec. 8th, 1825. 88

Notice.

THE Subscribers have formed a copartnership in business, under the firm of A. PATTERSON, & Co.

G. T. HEARSEY.
A. PATTERSON.

Cheraw, Nov. 21, 1825.

Wholesale Store.

Corner of Front & Church Streets, Cheraw.

A. PATTERSON & CO. offer for sale, a general and extensive Assortment of seasonable

DRY GOODS,

Hardware, Window Glass, Paints, Nails, Shoes, Hats, Umbrellas, Cotton and Wool Cards, &c. &c. &c.

This Establishment being devoted to a Business exclusively WHOLESALE, and having arrangements for constant supplies, on the most advantageous terms, is offered with confidence, worthy the attention and notice of the Merchants of that part of the Interior Country which is connected with this place as a market for its produce.

Purchasers for Cash or approved paper will be furnished with assortments at such prices as will not fail to be satisfactory.

Nov. 21st, 1825. 4t91

NEW STORE.
GEORGE W. BROWN.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends, and the public in general, that he is now receiving, from New York and Philadelphia, a choice and handsome assortment of

Dry Goods, Hardware, &c. &c.

which he intends selling at a small profit, *FOR CASH ONLY.*

Persons wishing to purchase, will please call, examine, and judge for themselves.

Salisbury, Nov. 1st, 1825. 82

Dissolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between [illegible] *Allemong & Locke*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to us are requested to come forward, and make immediate payment; and those who have any demands will present them for payment.

The business of the firm will be settled by Ezra Allemong, who is authorized to make settlements and grant discharges.

EZRA ALLEMONG,
GEORGE LOCKE.

Salisbury, July 1, 1825. 65

EZRA ALLEMONG

Returns his most sincere thanks to the public in general, for past favors, and informs them that he has purchased the

Stock of Merchandize

of Allemong & Locke, which is now very complete, having just received a fresh supply from Charleston, and which he offers for sale upon the most reasonable terms, at the stand formerly occupied by Allemong & Locke, at the north corner of the court-house. The favors of those who patronize him will be thankfully acknowledged—they may depend, that every exertion on his part will be used to give general satisfaction.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Wesley Reynolds & Co. is this day dissolved, by mutual consent.

ROBERT HAMILTON.
WESLEY REYNOLDS.

The subscriber having purchased the whole interest in the late firm of Wesley Reynolds & Co. returns his sincere thanks to the public in general, for past favors, and begs leave to inform them that he will keep a regular supply of *MERCHANDIZE*, as heretofore, at his store, near the east corner of the Court-House, in Statesville. WESLEY REYNOLDS.

Statesville, Oct. 22, 1825. 3mt94

Fifty Dollars Reward

WILL be given for the apprehension of *William Smith Roberson*, who broke the Jail of Stokes county, N. Carolina, on the night of the 3d December, 1825. He was committed for Horse-stealing, and also for stealing a slave.—Sometimes he goes by the name of Smith, and will no doubt change his name, as he is an artful fellow. He is about five feet ten or eleven inches high, dark hair, and a very down look.—He had on a blue broad-cloth coat, homespun mixed pantaloons, and plaid cloth cloak. He has the representation of an eagle on one of his arms, put in with indelible ink.

TEN DOLLARS

Will also be given for the apprehension of *Jacob Hauser*, who broke Jail at the same time. He is a large well made man, about six feet high, dark complected, and has a very bad look; he had on a coarse blue broad cloth coat, and checked pantaloons, and is a German, which can soon be discovered by talking with him.

The above reward will be given to any person or persons who will deliver the above mentioned men to me in Germanton, Stokes county, N. Carolina. C. L. BANNER. *Sh'f.*

Dec. 4th, 1825. 83

State of North-Carolina, Rowan county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, November sessions, 1825. Joseph Hanes vs. James Dowell and John Dowell: original attachment, levied on land, &c. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants are not inhabitants of this state, it is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, that the defendants appear at our next court of pleas and quarter sessions, to be held for the county of Rowan at the court-house in Salisbury, on the third Monday in February next, then and there to replevy and plead, or judgment will be entered according to the plantiff's demand.

Test: JOHN GILES, *Clk.*

Price adv. two dols. 6wt93

State of North-Carolina, Rowan county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, November sessions 1825. Jilson Berryman vs. James Dowell and John Dowell: original attachment, levied on land, &c. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants are not inhabitants of this state, it is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, that the defendants appear at the next court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for the county of Rowan at the court-house in Salisbury, on the third Monday in February next, then and there to replevy and plead, or judgment will be entered according to the plaintiff's demand.

Test: JNO. GILES, *Clk.*

Price adv. two dols. 6wt93

State of North-Carolina, Rowan county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, November sessions, 1825. Elizabeth Dowell vs. James Dowell and John Dowell: original attachment, levied on land, &c. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants are not inhabitants of this state, it is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, that the defendants appear at the next court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for the county of Rowan at the court-house in Salisbury, on the third Monday in February next, then and there to replevy and plead, or judgment will be entered according to the plaintiff's demand.

Test: JNO. GILES, *Clk.*

Price adv. two dols. 6wt93

State of North-Carolina, Rowan county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, November sessions, 1825. John G. Chaffin vs. James Dowell and John Dowell: original attachment, levied on land, &c. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants are not inhabitants of this state, it is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, that the defendants appear at our next court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for the county of Rowan at the court-house in Salisbury, on the third Monday in February next, then and there to replevy and plead, or judgment will be entered according to the plaintiff's demand.

Test: JNO. GILES, *Clk.*

Price adv. two dols. 6wt93

State of North-Carolina, Rowan county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, November sessions 1825. Daniel Helfer, *adm'r.* vs. Henry Helfer, and others; petition to sell the real estate of Daniel Helfer, dec'd. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Henry Helfer, one of the defendants, is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, successively until next court, that the defendant appear at our next court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for the county of Rowan, at the court-house in Salisbury, on the third Monday in February next, then and there to shew cause, if any he has, why the lands aforesaid should not be sold; or the petition will be taken pro confesso, and heard exparte as to him.

Test; JNO. GILES, *Clk.*

Price adv. $3 25. 10wt97

State of North-Carolina, Rowan county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, November sessions, 1825. Christian C. Britz vs. Thoms Gardner and others. Scifa: to sell real estate of John Gardner dec'd. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Henry Russel and wife two of the defendants in this case, are not inhabitants of this state, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, that the defendants appear at the next court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for the county of Rowan at the court-house in Salisbury, on the third Monday in February next, then and there to shew cause if any they have, why the real estate aforesaid should not be sold—or judgment will be entered for the plaintiff according to scire facias.

Test: JNO. GILES, *Clk.*

Price adv. $2. 6it93

State of North-Carolina, Rowan county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, November sessions, 1825. John C. Blum vs. Thomas Gardner and others. Scifa: to sell real estate of John Gardner, dec. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Henry Russel and wife two of the defendants in this case, are not inhabitants of this state, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, that the defendants appear at the next court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for the county of Rowan, at the court-house in Salisbury, on the third Monday in February next, then and there to shew cause if any they have, why the real estate aforesaid should not be sold—or judgment will be entered for the plaintiff according to scire facias.

Test: JNO. GILES, *Clk.*

Price adv. $2. 6wt93

State of North-Carolina, Rowan county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, November sessions, 1825. Robert Horn vs. Thomas Gardner and others. Scifa: to sell real estate of John Gardner, dec. It appearing to the satifaction of the court, that Henry Russel and wife two of the defendants in this case, are not inhabitants of this state, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, that the defendants appear at the next court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for the county of Rowan at the court-house in Salisbury, on the third Monday in February next, then and there to shew cause if any they have, why the real estate aforesaid should not be sold—or judgment will be entered for the plaintiff according to scire facias.

Test: JNO. GILES, *Clk.*

Price adv. $2. 6wt93

THE MUSE.

SONG.—BY GEO. WITHERS.—1660.

Lordly gallants, tell me this:
Though my safe content you weigh not,
In your greatness what one bliss
Have you gain'd, that I enjoy not?
You have honours, you have wealth,
I have peace, and I have health;
All the day I merry make,
And at night no care I take.

Bound to none my fortunes be;
This or that man's fall I fear not;
Him I love that loveth me;
For the rest a pin I care not;
You are sad when others chafe,
And grow merry as they laugh;
I, that hate it, and am free,
Laugh and weep as pleaseth me.

FAREWELL.

When lip meets lip with stifled feeling,
And silent sorrow fills the eye;
When dew-drops o'er the cheeks are stealing,
And springs the oft repeated sigh:

Whilst o'er thy form in anguish bending,
To hide the grief I cannot tell;
What agony my heart is rending,
O'er that one fatal word, *Farewell!*

Treason does never prosper.....what's the reason?
Why, when it prospers, none dare call it treason.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FROM THE CAROLINA SENTINEL.

THE FINE ARTS.

It is a subject worthy of remark, that while our country has been reproached by foreigners, especially by English writers, for its want of excellence, even mediocrity, in the fine arts, as well as Literature, the best painters for the last half century, as well as those of the present day, are Americans. The names of West and Alston and Trumbull are familiar to our ears, eye, &c. to English ears also, as men who would confer lustre on any country that gave them birth. The name of Leslie—we must say something about Leslie; a young man, who, in despite of the miserable trade of the hireling Gifford and his Quarterly, is about to become the boast of even Gifford himself. We do not intend to say that Gifford has decried Leslie's painting, that would have been attempting to bite a diamond; but we speak of his general vituperation of every thing American. Leslie, if we mistake not, is a native of Pensylvania as well as West, and had as humble a beginning. He was first noticed in consequence of his characteristic drawings of Cooke, in his various parts, during his first theatrical career in Philadelphia. Leslie, a mere boy without fortune, at this time, without active friends, attended the Theatre, and in a short time produced from recollection alone, likenesses of the actors, in feature, expression and costume, so exact, that they astonished all who beheld them! So powerful was the impression made by his wonderful pencil, that some gentlemen, whose names we do not feel ourselves at liberty to mention, sent him to England, which we acknowledge to be the best school, for two of its brightest ornaments in painting are Americans, and there the once obscure Leslie is rapidly approaching to eminence in this sublime art.

It will be supposed that these remarks were intended to introduce the notice of our fellow-citizen GARDNER, and so they were. But we do not mean to flatter him, or tell the public what we do not ourselves believe. He possesses, like Leslie, the power of producing a striking likeness in his portraits, and his handling and blending are worthy of great encomium. There is a peculiar softness in his finishing which in his feminine pictures, is very proper; but which should not be carried to the other sex in so great an extent. We would recommend too, a little attention to his drapery, a negligence of which is indeed, the fault of all young painters, for they do not generally reflect that a good portrait with a bad drapery is not much like an "apple of gold set in a picture of silver."

Mr. Gardener is, we understand, a *self taught* painter; and in this sublime art, self is, indeed, the only teacher of the fundamental requisites to produce a master. Like Leslie he possesses wonderful qualifications; like Leslie, he has emerged from comparative obscurity, like Leslie he produces exact likenesses—Let him, like Leslie, persevere in study, and like Leslie he has the power of commanding the eulogies of the masters of the pencil.

As we proceed in our remarks, so many recollections of Leslie arise to our mind, completely consonant to the talents and situation of the artist we are noticing, that we shall, for his encouragement, take another opportunity of stating them to the public; for now, as the printers say, "we write for space." PHILO.

At the end of the reign of George II. when a complaint was made by a hot-brained Member of Parliament of a branch of Privileges, by the publication in the Magazines of some of the speeches made in the House of Commons, though given under feigned names, Mr. Pelham, the Government leaded of that day, quashed the motion with the following observation:—"Let them alone," said he "they make better speeches for us than we can make for ourselves."

Nearly all the women of the Grecian islands can swim. A late traveller says, "the aunt of Captain Canaris, a strong woman of sixty years of age, saved herself at the taking of Ipsara, by swimming *three miles*."

FROM A LONDON PAPER.

INTERIOR OF AFRICA.

We have received accounts of a recent discovery in Central Africa, which will soon be laid before the public in greater detail, but of which the following outline is sufficiently curious: Major Clapperton and Captain Denham, in the course of their late expedition in that quarter of the world, arrived in the territory, and subsequently resided for some weeks in the capital of a nation, whose manners and history seem likely to occupy, to no trivial extent, the attention of the public of this country; we might safely say of the whole civilised world. This people was found to be in a state of high civilization; and, above all, the British travellers witnessed a review of seven thousand cavalry, divided into regular regiments, and all clothed in complete armour. Six thousand wore the perfect hauberk mail of the early Norman Knights: most strange by far of all, one thousand appeared in perfect Roman armour.

LONGEVITY.

The last annual obituary of the Russian empire, published at St. Petersburgh, records the death of a man at the advanced age of 168. He had seen seven sovereigns on the throne of Russia, and remembered the death of Gustavus Adolphus. He had been a soldier in the thirty years war; at the battle of Pultown, in 1709, he was 51 years of age. At the age of 93 he married his third wife, with whom he lived 50 years; the two youngest sons of this marriage were 86 and and 62, respectively, in the year 1796; the oldest of his other sons, in the same year, were 95 and 93 respectively. The entire family of this patriarch comprises 138 descendants, who all lived together in the village of Pollatzka, which the empress Catharine the second, caused to be built for them, granting at the same time, a considerable tract of land for their support. In the 163d year of his age, this modern Nestor was in the enjoyment of the most robust health.

FOR THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

Mr. White: I have read the resignation of General Andrew Jackson, as one of the United States' senator from Tennessee; and I am well assured that the reasons which he has assigned for so doing, must be deemed valid, and will meet the approbation and sanction of every incorruptible patriot in the American Union.

The more I reflect on the illustrious services of this truly great man, the more anxious I am, that he should receive that reward which he has more than doubly earned in the services of his country.

The garb of hypocrisy was never worn by this eminent man. Whether in the senate or the field of battle, he has always been found true to his cause, fearless of consequences. He was not, in the late presidential election, found bargaining for that dignified office. The whole tenor of his public life has proved his integrity and patriotism. When these traits of character shine so luminous in the Hero of New Orleans, how mortifying it must be to the majority of the American people, when they reflect on the manner in which he was caucussed out of the highest office within their gift. But the people have not despaired; the principles of patriotism and gratitude have not, they cannot, be eradicated from their bosoms It is impossible for them to forsake the Saviour of their Country. About three years hence, they will, in all possibility, have another opportunity of giving their support to the man of their choice.

CODRUS.

An extensive sale of wool took place at Boston on the 9th inst. at which Saxony wool brought 85 cents to 190; and Merino, from 50 to 114 cents.

BANK OF IRELAND.

The Bank of Ireland, in Dublin, covers more than an acre and a half of ground. It is built of Portland stone, and is a much superior edifice to the Bank of England in London. It has a grand portico, on College Green, of 147 feet, with columns of the Ionic order. The doors, desks and offices, are of mahogany throughout the bank, and very neatly executed. The building is supplied with reservoirs of water, fire engines, &c. It contains an armory, with a large stand of arms, and the officers and clerks form a corps of yeomanry, ready to repel any invasion upon this grand depository of Irish wealth.

The notes of this institution are printed within the bank. A steam engine, of eight horse power, is employed in the process. These notes are all numbered by machinery, and with a precision and rapidity that could not be well attained by mere manual dexterity: it is effected by boys. The border round the notes is also executed by machinery, and their whole appearance is highly neat and finished.

N. E. Galaxy.

Sorrow, when it is excessive, takes away fervour from piety, vigour from action, health from the body, light from the reason, and repose from the conscience. Resignation to the divine will is a noble and needful lesson.

Garrick, in the early part of his life, performed *Ranger*, with such uncommon spirit, and dressed and looked the part so well that a young lady of high rank and fortune fell violently in love with him. Her friends, finding it in vain to reason with her, took her to see him perform *Scrub*; the very contemptible appearance he made in that part, wrought a perfect cure.

FROM THE NEW-YORK COURIER.

A TRUE CIRCUMSTANCE.

A rat, one morning left his snug retreat,
And wander'd forth, to find some food to eat;
Nor long had search'd, ere he with joy espied
A Jersey clam, whose mouth was opened wide:
The tempting bait to him seem'd very nice,
"Just what I want," thought he, and in a trice
Between the gaping shell he forced his paw,
And forth began the juicy fish to draw:
But lo! the clam, such treatment not admiring,
Closed on his foot, just as he was retiring!!!
Rat scream'd, and kick'd, but all would not avail,
As tight he was as pris'ners in a jail.
Some dogs who saw his plight around him press'd,
And one small cur, more cruel than the rest,
Bit off his head—and skin did poor rat lay,
To clam and curfish cruelty a prey.

MORAL.

From this, let two legged rats a moral draw,
Never to meddle with our courts of law:
Oft like the clam, Law seems a tempting bite,
But holds, with giant strength, poor meddlers tight:
And if of only one leg they're bereft,
Like curs the *Lawyers* pounce on all that's left. W.

FROM THE MEDICAL INTELLIGENCER.

FLANNEL.

From a review of the different substances worn next the skin, it would appear that wool has greatly the advantage over the others. Flannel, by its gentle stimulus on the skin, has the beneficial effect of keeping the pores in a state, the most favourable to perspiration. In flannel, the discharge by perspiration proceeds uniformly; but not so in linen, when soiled with the moisture of the skin. The different effects of flannel and linen are particularly perceptible during brisk exercise. When the body is covered with the former, though perspiration be necessarily increased, the perspired matter passes off through flannel into the atmosphere or air, and the skin remains dry and warm. If the same exercise be taken in linen shirts, perspiration, as in the former case, is indeed also increased; but the perspired matter, instead of being dispersed into the atmosphere, remains upon the linen, and not only clogs the pores, but gives a disagreeable sensation.

GEOLOGY OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

From a statement in the Raleigh Register, it appears that Professor OLMSTED has communicated some interesting facts discovered during a geological tour through the eastern part of this State.—Numerous banks of Oysters were found on the vicinity of Beaufort, stretching several miles in length, capable of an easy convertion into lime. Numerous fossil remains, particularly of the Mammoth, were found in digging the Clubfoot and Harlow Canal. Various and valuable banks of shell marl were discovered scattered throughout the alluvial country, along the Neuse, Tar, and Trent rivers. Silicious limestone seems to be in abundance in the vicinity of Newbern; and a series of limestone rocks occupies the bed of Neuse river, in parallel ranges, running N. E. and S. W. and in correspondence with the geological formations of other parts of the sate. These discoveries will, doubtless, give a new impulse to the agricultural enterprise of the State.

New and Magnificent Scheme.

Cohen's Office, Baltimore, November 11, 1825.

WE have the pleasure to present the handsomest and comparatively most brilliant Scheme, ever offered to the public.—The price of Tickets only *Ten Dollars*, with the Capital Prize of the immense magnitude of *one Hundred Thousand Dollars*. The manner of Drawing, it will be noticed, is under another of the Specifications of the Improved Mode, secured by Letters Patent under Seal of the

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

and under the superintendance of the Commissioners appointed by the *Governour* and *Council*. Tickets only Ten Dollars.

HIGHEST PRIZE,

100,000 DOLLARS!

The next *Grand State Lottery* of Maryland, the whole to be completed in one Day, on Wednesday, the 15th February next, *One Hundred Thousand Dollars* Highest Prize.

GRAND SCHEME:

1	100,000	100,000
1	30,000	30,000
1	20,000	20,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	5,000	5,000
15	1,000	15,000
10	500	5,000
50	100	5,000
100	50	5,000
100	20	2,000
500	12	6,000
10500	10	105,000
11280 Prizes.		$303,000

Every Prize subject to a deduction of Fifteen per cent.—and payable sixty days after the Drawing, but for which, as usual at COHEN'S OFFICE, the CASH can be had the MOMENT THEY ARE DRAWN.

Mode of Drawing:—The numbers will be put into one wheel as usual—and in the other wheel will be put, the Prizes *above* the denomination of $10, and the drawing to progress in the usual manner. The 10,500 Prizes of $10, will be awarded to the Tickets, the Numbers of which end with the terminating figure of either of the Three first drawn Numbers from the wheel of *different* denominations.

To illustrate which, suppose that 13,562 be the first drawn number, then every ticket in the Lottery ending with the figure 2, will be entitled to a prize of Ten Dollars—then suppose that No. 1,365 be the next drawn from the wheel, then all the tickets ending with 5, will also be entitled to a prize of Ten Dollars each—and in like manner suppose that No. 29,268 be the third drawn from the wheel, then all the tickets in the scheme ending with the figure 8, will also be entitled to a prize of Ten Dollars each.

This mode of Drawing will permit the whole Lottery to be completed at *one Drawing*—and a Ticket drawing a superior Prize *will not be restricted* from drawing an inferior one also.

Whole Tickets, $10 | *Quarters*, $2. 50
Halves, 5 | *Eighths*, 1. 25

COHEN'S

Lottery and Exchange Office, 124, Market-street, Baltimore;

Where in late State and other Lotteries, were sold the Great Capitals of 100,000 Dollars, 3 of 50,000 Dollars, 5 of 40,000 Dollars, 5 of 30,000 Dollars, 12 of 20,000 Dollars, 17 of 10,000 Dollars, 32 of 5,000 Dollars, &c. &c. &c. AND WHERE MORE CAPITALS HAVE BEEN OBTAINED THAN AT ANY OTHER OFFICE IN AMERICA.

Orders from any part of the United States, either by mail (post paid) or by private conveyance enclosing the Cash or Prize Tickets in any of the Lotteries, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application.

J. J. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS, *Baltimore.*

*** *Cohen's "Gazette and Lottary Register,"* which will be published immediately after the drawing, will contain the complete list of Prizes, and will be forwarded *gratis* to all who purchase their Tickets at *Cohen's Office*, and who signify their wish to receive the same.

Baltimore, November 11, 1825. 3t88

State of North-Carolina,

CABARRUS COUNTY.

SUPERIOR Court of Law, Fall term, 1825: Catharine Goodman vs. Caleb Goodman; petition for divorce. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this state, *Ordered*, that publication be made for three months in the Western Carolinian and Catawba Journal, notifying said defendant, that unless he appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be held for the county of Cabarrus, at the Court House in Concord, on the 6th Monday after the 4th in March next, and plead, answer, or demur to said petition, judgment pro confesso will be taken against him and it will be heard exparte.

JAS. G. SPEARS, *Clk.*

Price adv. $4 3m89

State of North-Carolina.

BUNCOMBE COUNTY

COUNTY Court, June term, 1825. Charles M'Dowell vs. David Greenlee: orignal attachment, levied on land. It appearing to the satisfiction of the court, that the defendant, David Greenlee, is an inhabitant of another government: Therefore, ordered, that publication be made in the "Western Carolinian," successively, for six weeks, notifying the defendant to appear at the term of said court to be held for Buncombe county, at the court-house in Asheville, on the first Monday in January, 1826, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the plea of the plaintiff, otherwise judgment final will be entered against him accordingly.

6t90 Test: JOHN MILLER, Clk.

Estate of Alex. Long, decd.

THE subscriber having qualified as executor of the last will of Alexander Long, late of Rowan county, dec'd. at the court of pleas and quarter sessions for the said county, held on the third Monday of November last,—notice is hereby given, that all persons having demands against the said estate, are required to present them for payment, within the time prescribed by law. JAMES L. LONG, *Exr'r.*

Dec. 24, 1824. 4t

For Sale,

MY House and Lot in the town of Salisbury, opposite Mr. Wm. H. Slaughter's house of entertainment, in a friendly neighborhood, and good society: the house is two stories high, with four fire places in the lower story, and two in the upper: the house is large and convenient, with a kitchen, smoke-house, corn-house, and stable, with an excellent garden and back lot, all in good repair. I will dispose of the same on the most accommodating terms to the purchaser, as I am determined to remove to the country next fall.

GEORGE MILLER.

Salisbury, April 26, 1825. 55

N. B. I also request all persons who have any demands against me, to call and receive their pay; and those who owe me, by book account or otherwise, will do me a favor by calling and settling their accounts. G. M.

MANAGERS' OFFICE.

(By Authority of the State of New-York.)

SPLENDID LOTTERY,

TO be drawn in the City of New-York, on the 4th of January, 1826, and finished in five minutes. 45 Numbers—6 Ballots to be drawn, each ticket having 3 *Numbers in combination.* J. B. YATES & A. M'INTYRE, *Managers.*

SCHEME OF THE

New-York State Literature Lottery,

CLASS 3, FOR 1826.

1	prize of $100,000 is		$100,000
1	do.	50,000	50,000
1	do.	20,000	20,000
1	do.	10,500	10,500
2	do.	5,000	10,000
4	do.	2,500	10,000
10	do.	2,000	20,000
39	do.	1,000	39,000
78	do.	500	39,000
468	do.	100	46,800
4,446	do.	50	222,300
5,051 Prizes,			$567,600
9,139 Blanks.			

Less than 2 Blanks to a prize.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $50 | *Quarters*, $12 50
Halves, 25 | *Eighths*, 6 25

This is the most magnificent Scheme that has ever been offered for the patronage of the friends of Lottery adventure in America. The small number of Tickets, and the unexampled demand for them, is a sufficient warrant, that there will not be a chance left, for weeks before the day fixed for the drawing, and that the price of Tickets will shortly rise to 60 dollars.

☞ Gentlemen are therefore requested, to be early in their application, as all orders actually mailed before the rise, will be entitled to be supplied at the present rates.

*** Notes of the Bank of the U. States and its Branches, and, generally, the Notes of all Banks that pay specie, received at par.

Also, Mercantile Drafts at sight, on any of the large Cities, and Prize Tickets received freely in payment.

All Letters to be post-paid.

The Mails may be relied on as being perfectly safe for all remittances.

YATES & M'INTYRE,

10wt89 *Washington City.*

NOTICE.

ALL that wish to join a Troop of Cavalry in the town and neighborhood of Salisbury, will find a paper containing the proposals, at the bar-room of Maj. Yarbrough's Hotel, in this town. They that subscribe, will consider themselves as pledged to abide by whatever a majority may conclude on, either in the manner of equipments, the choice of officers, or any thing else. As soon as a sufficient number shall be subscribed, public notice will be given of a meeting of the troop for the purpose of making arrangements.

October 7, 1825. 80

Walter Gaither's Estate.

THE subscriber having qualified as administrator on the estate of the late Walter Gaither, dec'd. desires all persons indebted to said estate, to come forward and make settlement; and all those to whom the dec'd. was indebted, will present their accounts for settlement, properly authenticated, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. A. R. JONES, *Administrator.*

November 21, 1825. 4t89

Five Cents Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 13th inst. an indented apprentice to the blacksmith's trade, by the name of Alfred Rex, aged about 15 years. All persons are forwarned from trusting said apprentice on any account, as I will not pay any debt of his contracting. Five cents reward will be given for his apprehension, but no charges paid. PETER J. SWINK.

Nov. 25, 1825. 3t88

State of North-Carolina.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, October sessions, 1825. Nehemiah Hearne vs. Joseph Cooper: attachment; Benj. Coyle, Demarcus Palmer, summoned as garnishees. Ordered by the court, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian for six weeks, that unless the defendant appears at the next county court to be held for the county of Montgomery, at the court-house in Lawrenceville, on the first Monday in January next, replevy or plead, judgment will be entered against him for the amount of the plaintiff's demands.

6t88 JOHN B. MARTIN, Clk.

Coppersmith's Tools.

FOR sale, a full set of *Coppersmith's Tools.* Apply to ALBERT TORRENCE, jr.

Salisbury, Nov. 14, 1825. 84

State of North-Carolina.

IREDELL COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August term, 1825. William Hines, admr. vs. William Faires: Original attachment, retured levied on 100 acres of land. In this case, it is ordered by the court, that publication be made for three months in the Western Carolinian, that unless the defendant appear at the next court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for the county of Iredell, at the court-house in Statesville, on the third Monday in November next, replevy the property levied on, and plead, the plaintiff will be heard ex parte and have judgment rendered in his favor pro confesso.

Test: R. SIMONTON, Clk.

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